THE EVENING STAR is served to subscribers in the city by carriers, on their own account, at 10 cents per week, or 44c. per month. Copies at the counter, 2 cents each. By mail-postage prepaid-50 cents a month; one year, \$6, six months, \$3.

[Entered at the Post Office at Washington, D. C., as second-class mail matter.] THE WEELY STAR-published on Friday-61 : year postage prepaid. Six months, 50 cents. 137 All mail subscriptions must be paid in advance. Be paper sent longer than is paid for. Rates of advertising made known on application

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Vol. 77-No. 16,084.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

snts and withdrawals.

8 THOMAS BROWN, President,
EDGAR FRISBY, Vice President,
EDGAR P, BLERY, Treasurer.
iy10-4t C. P. WILLIAMS, Secretary.

DON'T GO ON YOUR VACATION WITH-out one of our Elexant Fitting and Rightly Made Light Overcoats. (Store closes 6 p m. Saturday excepted. [Jy10] GLORGE SPRANSY, 484 7th st.

THERE WILL BE A SPECIAL MEETING of the Certificate Holders' Association of the Builders' Exchange on FRIDAY EVENING, July 11, at 8 o'clock, to receive report of Building Committee.

F. N. DEVEREUX.

THE BRECKINRIDGE SUNDAY LAW for the District of Columbia will be the subject at 8 p.m. TONIGHT at Religious Liberty Tent, near corner of Maryland ave. and 1st st, n.e. All invited.

BECK BROS.,
Carriage and Wagon Builders, desire to inform their friends and patrons of their removal to their new shops.

1910-31\* Cor. 3d and D ats. s.e.

PRECHABITES, ATTENTION! THE HIGH chief and officers of High Tent will visit Cammack Tent TONIGHT. Come and give a well-

STOP PERSPIRING AND READ.

City, N. J., as in the hot city.

BAGGAGE DELIVERED

HEADQUAFTERS FOR

You can live as cheaply at the Colonade, Atlanti

Notice advertisement under Summer Resorts.

Rathroad every FRIDAY by 11 a.m. express. Good or

To and from Railroads and all parts of the City.

TRUNKS, 25c. PARCELS, 10c.

MERCHANTS' PARCEL DELIVERY CO.

814 Fat n.w.

existing between Victor E. Adler and Jos. B. Adler, under the firm name of "Victor E. Adler & Bro.," has this day been dissolved by mutual consent. Mr. Victor E. Adler will hereafter continue the business at No. 927 and 929 7th at. n. w. jy8-3t\*

GAS STOVES AND RANGES.

NOTICE.—THE ANNUAL MEETING OF the Stockholders of the National Union In-surance Co. of Washington, for the election of direc-tors, will be held at the office of the company MON-DAY, July 14, 1890; polls open from 1 to 2 o'clock p.m. lly5-dtd NOBLE D. LARNER, Secretary.

PHAGUE SQUARE LUMBER

PRIME GEORGIA PLOORING, KILN

LIBBEY, BITTINGER & MILLER

will close their Store from the 25th of July to the 1st

CLAIM ATTORNEYS, ATTENTION!

Declarations for Pensions in stereotype.

Working night and day. Work delivered at short notice. Envelopes in stock direct from the mill.

Prices and work squaranted attings.

WINDOW GLASS.—I HAVE JUST REceived direct from Europe 3,000 cases
french Window Glass, which I will sell at lower prices
than were ever before known in this city. Wholesale
and retail. Estimates furnished.

JAMES H. McGILL, Dealer in Building Supplies,
193-1m 908 to 914 G st. n.w.

OWING TO REPAIRS THE STOCK OF Jewelry, Diamonds and Watches, Brass and Onya-top Tables, Fancy Lamps will be reduced 20 per cent for next sixty days.

192-1m

1223 Pennsylvania ave. n.w.

GAS STOVE. GAS FIXTURES.

C. A. MUDDIMAN,

PENSIONS FOR D.C. VOLUNTEERS,
Under Act of June 27, 1890,
ALL VOLUNTEERS OF THE DISTRICT
Who Served 90 Days or Over
DURING THE REBELLION,
And are now Disabled by Disease, Old Age, &c.,
Their Widows, Children and Dependent Farents,
ARE NOW ENTITLED TO FENSION.
Call on or address TUCKER, EVANS & MANOGUE,
Attorneys-at-law, Office, 402 6th st. n. w.,
And have your papers promptly prepared and filed,
12 Maryland, Virginia and all U.S. Vols. also entitled

CHARTERED BY CONGRESS 1818,

FRANKLIN INSURANCE CO.

of Washington, D.C.

Has never contested a loss by fire, but always makes prompt and liberal adjustments.

WILL P. BOTELER, Asst. Secy. je25-3m

EQUITABLE

O-OPERATIVE BUILDING ASSOCIATION

"EQUITABLE BUILDING," 1003 F ST.

Office hours, from 9 a.m. to 4:30 p.m. daily. On the first Wednesday in each month the office will be open from 6 to 8 o'clock p.m. Advances will be made

Shares are \$2.50 per month. \$1,000 advanced on each share.

explaining the objects and ad ion are furnished upon applica

THOMAS SOMERVILLE.

DR. DAN'L B. CLARKE, Prost.

GEO. E. LEMON, Vice Prest.

CHAS. S. BRADLEY, Trees.

I. FENWICK YOUNG, Secy.

[je19] LOW PRICES.

6th st. and New York ave. n. w.

LOWERRE & EVANS,

DRIED, NO. 1, ALL ONE WIDTH, 16-FT.

LENGTHS, AT \$29 PER 1,000 FT.

BUREAU OF FASHION, 1434 New York ave.,

1y5-10t

BEST MAKES.

& S. SHEDD & BRO.

432 9th at. n. w.

WASH'N DANENHOWER, 1115 F st. n.w

CROPLEY'S HALL,
Corner 31st and M sts.
GEORGETOWN, D.C.

TEMPORARY OFFICE OF THE
WASHINGTON LOAN AND TRUST COMPANY,
1001 F st. n.w.
CAPITAL \$1,000,000.00.
This company issues certificates of deposit bearing interest as follows: On all amounts deposited for namely days or more, but less than six months, 3 per cent per annum; 3% per cent on deposits for more than six months, but less than a year, and 4 per cent on deposits of one year or longer. leposits of one year or longer.
Secured investments for sale. Money loaned.
B. H. WARNER, President.

W. B. ROBISON, Secretary. DIRECTORS: George F. Schafer,
John A. Hamilton,
Thomas Somerville,
John A. Swope,
J. S. Swormstedt,
Hattersley W. Talbott,
George Truesdell,
B. H. Warner,
A. A. Wilson,
L. D. Wine,
S. W. Woodward,
Chas. Ben), Wilkinson,
hinston. Charles B. Bailey, James L. Barbour, George E. Bartol, Richard W. Clay, Mchard W. Clay,
H. S. Cummings,
J. J. S. Sw.
J. J. Darlington,
John Joy Edson,
Charles J. Faulkner,
Albert F. Fox,
O. C. Green,
William B. Gurley,
John B. Larner,
Je4-3m
A. S. Worthinston.

UNTIL REMOVAL WE WILL SELL A FULLY GUARANTEED, EASY-RUNNING 12-INCH LAWN MOWER FOR \$4.50. ADJUSTABLE WINDOW SCREENS, 42.75

WINDOW SCREEN FRAMES, 20c. EACH. SCREEN DOORS, COMPLETE, WITH SPRING POULTRY NETTING, 75c. PER 100 SQ. FT. 4-QUART ICE CREAM FREEZERS, \$1.75. 25 FEET GARDEN HOSE WITH PATENT A GOOD HOSE REEL, 81.

BARBER & ROSS, 911 PENN. AVE. ROGER'S PLATED MEDIUM KNIVES, \$1.60 ROGER'S PLATED TEA SPOONS, 85c. SET. A FIRST-CLASS CLOTHES WRINGER, \$2.25 STANLEY AIR RIFLES \$1.75.,

CERTIFICATES OF STOCK AND Cheques. All methods of Printing and GEPNEY & ROBERTS, 407 10th st., Adjoining Post Building. WASHINGTON BAFE DEPOSIT CO., 916 and 918 Pa ave., are now prepared to RENT BOXES at greatly REDUCED RATES.

NEW TURKISH BATH (LADIES AND GENTLEMEN), 1329 G ST. N. W. THE NATIONAL SAFE DEPOSIT COM-pany, northeast corner 15th at and New York ave, receives on deposit for safe keeping, at very moderate rates, Silver Ware, Securities and valuables of every description. Safe Deposit Boxes for rent at the very lowest rates.

23 THE SHOREHAM. Table d'Hote Dinner \$1. my16-3m

PERSONAL.

MOTHER-YOUR NOTE IS RECEIVED. WRITE and appoint a meeting with me. I will keep all secret. EVA. 198-31° PERSONAL—IF WILLARD, EDWARD OR NA-thaniel, sons of Nathaniel and Sarah Noyee, late of Newbury, state of Massachusetts, will write to me I can furnish them useful information. C. R. TODD, 10 Purchase street, Newburyport, Mass. jy5-6t A UTHORIZED PRIVATE DETECTIVE AGENCY, Williams & Co. Communications promptly attended to and strictly confidential. Office open all bours. WM. WILLIAMS, Manager, 926 F st. n.w. my4-15m

CIVIL SERVICE EXAMINATION QUESTIONS
and Answers. Send 10c. to
8 W. FLYNN, A.M., Jvy Institute, A GOODRICH, LAWYER, 124 DEARBORN ST free; no publicity. Special facilities in many states. sel 7-t, th&u-1y

Now is THE TIME. WE WILL PAY "BIG Money" for First-class Second-hand Clothing, Ad-dress or call at JUSTH'S OLD STAND, 619D at L.W.

LADIES GOODS.

ADIES—NOW IS THE TIME TO LEARN GEO.

I white's system to cut and fit ladies' Dresses, ratior-made Costumes, Costs, &c. Prices reasonable. Terms easy. School now open. Ends September 10.

This is not a chart or a machine, but a knowledge, a science, an art; everybody knows Mr. White's fitting is exceptionally elegant. For information call at 1112 F st. GEO. WHITE, Ladies' Tailor.

FRONTS! FRONTS!! MILE. M. J. PRANDIS. 1229 F st n.w. (Mrs. Harrison's). Importer of Fine French Hair Goods.

A CCORDION (FRENCH) PLAITING, 35 CTS. PER yard. Knife Plaiting, 2 cts. per yard and up. G. W. LUCAS, Manufacturer of Plaiting, 908 9th st. n.w. Je21-1m RENCH DYEING, SCOURING AND DRY CLEAN-ING ESTABLISHMENT, 1205 New York ave, Pirst-class Lackes, and Gents' work of every descrip-tion. Flannel and Evening Dresses. ANTON AND CAROLINE LERCH, formerly with A. Fischer and

A NTON FISCHER'S DRY CLEANING ESTAB-A LISHMENT AND DYE WORKS, 906 G ST.N.W. Ladies' and Gents' Garments of all kinds cleaned and Dyed without being ripped. Ladies' Evening Dresses aspecialty. Thirty-five years' experience. Prices mod-A LL-WOOL GARMENTS, MADE UP OR RIPPED.

A dyed a good mourning black.

A FISCHER,
906 G st. n. w.

CASH OR CREDIT.

We will sell you a Handsome SOLID OAK ANTIQUE FINISHED BED ROOM SUITE, 3 pieces, for \$17 cash or \$18 on credit. We will sell you a 7-piece PARLOR SUITE, solid walnut frames, upholstered in the best hair cloth, for

\$28 cash or \$30 on credit. We will sell you a 7-piece PARLOR SUITE, solid walnut frames, upholstered in plush, combination colors, for \$28 cash or \$30 on credit. We will sell you a good WIRE-WOVEN BED SPRING for \$2.25 cash or \$2.50 on credit. We will sell you a good quality BRÜSSELS CARPET

for 60c, per yard cash or 65c. per yard on credit. We will sell you a good INGRAIN CARPET for 350 per yard cash or 40c. per yard on credit. We Sew and Lay all CARPETS Free of Cost not charge for the waste in matching figures.

We will sell all CARPETS, MATTINGS AND OIL-CLOTHS on Credit at an advance of 5 cents per yard on the lowest cash price.

EASY WEEKLY or MONTHLY PAYMENTS taken on all credit sales, and no notes required.

CASH DISCOUNT allowed on all accounts settled in

P. GROGAN, 780 and 741 7th st. R.W.

SPRING AND SUMMER HATS IN CASSIMERE, DEBBIES AND STRAWS. DUNLAP'S NEW YORK HATS, 5th Avenue Styles. BOYS' and MISSES' STRAWS at 50c., 75c., \$1.00

MEN'S STRAW HATS at 50c. and upward. A large lot of GENUINE MACKINAW STRAWS at 1.00, worth \$2.00, \$2.50 and \$3.00.

WILLETT & BUOFF.

905 Pennsylvania ave.

GO WE MUST.—REMEMBER WE REMOVE TO buildings now occupied by A. Kaufman, Double combination Store, 11th st. a.e., about August 1. REMOVAL PRICES.—All Dr. Warner's 21 Corsets, 75c. All of our famous 50c. Corsets, 42c. All of our famous 25c. Corsets, 21c. Clark's "O.N.T." Spool Cotton, 43c. dozen, Sc. Challies now 45c. Lawn, 3c. Ladies' and Children's Absolutely Fast black Hose, 11c. patr. Immense like of Rebbons. Swiss and Hamburg Edges. Torchon Laces at 25 per cent discount of regular prices, EVERYTHING MUST GO, WM.C.VIE.K.—BUCH., N. 1602 7th st. n. w., next to Walker's Grocery.

KEEP YOUR HOUSES COOL GAS BANGES.

GAS STOVES.

Beet Makes. GAS OVENS. LAMPS | Table, Hanquet, Plano.

Gas, Combination and Electric Chandeliers. Good Workmanship. Manufacturers' prices. SCHULTZ GAS FIX'URE AND ART METAL CO., H. C. WARD Mansger, 1315 F at n.w., Sun Building. jyl-1m.

AND EXPENSE

AND EXPENSE

BY U-ING

"PERHLESS" GAS COOKING STOVE,
The Most Economical and Durable.

Improvements no other stoves possess

GAS FIXTURES.

All classes of houses furnished. All clauses of hor All classes of houses furnished. E. F. BROOKS, sp29-so3m 531 15TH ST., CORCORAN BUILDING. K. FULTON, LOAN OFFICE, 1218 PA. AVE.

1 on.w. Established 1870, The only Licensed Pawn
Broker in the District. Money loaned on Watches,
Dismonds, Jewelry, Silver ware and other diumbles
to Gold Watches and other unredeemed pleagests
great variety at very low prices.

213-6m° WASHINGTON SAFE DEPOSIT CO.
STURAGE DEPARTMENT BOOMS: fire and burlar proof; rooms all above ground; particularly adapted for the Storage of Furniture, Fictures, &c.

for subscription.

JNO. JOY EDBON, Sec'ry.

Kvening Star

WASHINGTON, D. C., THURSDAY, JULY 10, 1890.

Washington News and Gossip. Index to Advertisements.

The Regular Monthly Meeting of THE CITIZENS'
EQUITABLE BUILDING ASSOCIATION OF
GEORGETOWN, D.C., will be held at Cropley's Hall
MONDAY, July 14, 1890, at 8 o'clock p.m.
Books for Subscription to the 7th Issue of Stock will
be opened at this meeting. First payments to be made
at August meeting. The Association advances \$200
per share and allows 6 per cent interest on settlements and withdrawals. ARCHITECTS. AUCTION SALES......Page BICYCLES ..... BUSINESS CHANCES..... COUNTRY BOARD Page 8
COUNTRY BOARD Page 7
COUNTRY REAL ESTATE Page 2 DENTISTRY WOMAN'S CHRISTIAN TEMPERANCE Union. — Monthly meeting TOMORROW (Friday), at 10 a.m., at Headquarters, 1425 New York ave. All members urged to attend. By order of the Board. FAMILY SUPPLIES ..... FINANCIAL Pake FOR RENT (Rooms). Page THE CITIZENS OF MOUNT PLEASANT who feel interested in securing better trailroad facilities are invited to attend a meeting on FRIDAY EVENING, at 8 o'clock, at the residence of Wm. B. Matthews, eq., on Kenesaw ave. between 14th and 15th sts.

W. B. MAITHEWS,
M. L. CRANFORD,
GEO, A. BARTLETT,
DE. A. B. JAMESON,
A. A. LIPSCOMB,
J. K. CAMPBELLI,
C. mmittee. FOR RENT (STABLES)......Page FOR SALE (Houses)..... GENTLEMEN'S GOODS......Page HOTELS. Page 8
HOUSEFURNISHINGS Page 6 LOST AND FOUND..... NORTHWEST ALEXANDRIA IMPROVEMENT COMPANY.
CAPITAL \$100,000.
Par value of stock \$10, payable \$2 per share upon authorightion and 50 cents per share on or before the first Mouday of each succeeding month.

Becked by solid business men. Offers fine opportunity for profitable investment. Subscription for stock received by

WASH'N DANENHOWER MEDICAL. Page
MISCELLANEOUS. Page MONEY TO LOAN.
NEW PUBLICATIONS. NOTARIES PUBLIC..... OCEAN STEAMERS Page POTOMAC RIVER BOATS Page TANOS AND ORGANS..... PERSONAL......Page 1 PRINTERS ... PROPOSALS AILROADS. SPECIALTIES.....Page 7 SPECIAL NOTICES Page 1 SUBURBAN PROPERTY Page 3 SUMMER RESORTS. Page 7
WANTED (HELP). Page 2 WANTED (Houses)..... WANTED (ROOMS)...... Page 2 WOOD AND COAL......Page 2

Saturday's Star.

Washington, D.C.,

We, the undersigned, butchers working for A.

Loffler. 7th-st. road, pronounce the card distribnted in the city this week that stated we work sixteen
(16) hours a day is false, and that he is unfair to all
union men is also false, as all the work done by him
has been done by union men, and he is not indebted to
us for any extra work. GEO. H. BAKERSMITH,
(foreman), FRED. WALKER, HENRY KNOCHE,
JOHN MEISH, W. GASS, B. HAD, DUGLASS
EDMOND, JULIUS H. KRANS, S. LOFFLER, HAN
199-3t\* THE STAR will again be issued in sixteenpage form on Saturday, and nothing will be left undone to make it one of the newsiest and brightest papers ever issued in Washington. It will be full of reading matter of the most interesting character. A wide range of subjects, both general and local in nature, will be treated of in THE STAR's best style, and many of the articles will be profusely and appro-Round-trip excursion tickets over Pennsylvania priately illustrated. Take it all and all Saturday's STAR will be a model newspaper and will fill every want of the reading public.

GOVERNMENT RECEIPTS TODAY. - Internal revenue, \$680,953.39; customs, \$1,114,168.62. TODAY'S BOND OFFERS aggregated \$57,400, 121. Registered 4½s—\$7,000, \$8,000 at 103. Coupon 4½s—\$2,000, \$1,000, \$100 at 103.

FOR RENT—AT WASHINGTON GROVE,
a Two-story Cottage containing eight
rooms; good yard and coo; cellar; pleasantly situated
on Broadway; will be rented to a good tenant for the
season on moderate terms. Apply to Mrs. M. KNOTI,
at Cottage, or at 413 Mass. ave. n. w. 198-3t\*

THE CO-PARTNERSHIP HERETOFORE
existing between Victor E. Adler and Jos. THE NORTH ATLANTIC SQUADRON. -The North Atlantic squadron will leave Portland, Maine, July 12 for its annual cruise to Bar Harbor and other summer resorts on the Atlantic

> APPROVED BY THE PRESIDENT .- The President has approved the act providing for the erection of a public building at Paris, Tex., and also the public building at Fort Worth, Tex.

EXEMPT FROM DUTY .-- Assistant Secretary Tichenor has instructed the collector of cusoms at Philadelphia that celery seeds unfit in the condition imported for garden or agricul-tural purposes and used exclusively in the manufacture of condiments, celery salt and medicinal preparations, are exempt from duty.

CHILI'S NEW REPRESENTATIVE. - The new Chilian minister, Senor D. Prudencio Lazcano, was formally received by the President this morning and presented his credentials. He was introduced by Mr. Adee, assistant secretary of state and acting secretary. The new minister was accompanied by his secretary and the military attache of legation. The minister and his secretary were in evening dress, silk hats and white kid gloves.

CIVIL SERVICE EXAMINATION. - An examination will be held in the rooms of the civil service commission on Friday, the 18th inst., to fill four vacancies existing in the position of comouter in the office of the supervising architect, Treasury Department, at a salary of \$4 per working day. The examination will consist of orthography, penmanship, copying and the computing of quantities, weights and costs of materials from building plans. EUROPE, THE HOLY LAND, ROUND THE World; select parties; ocean tickets by all lines; weekly parties to London and Paris, \$160; the Rhine, \$250; Oberammeryau, \$295, &c. Circulars free; Gaze's Tourist's Gazette, 5c.

Special excursion July 19 to London and Paris, \$150 first class,

Je28toau24

1225 Feunsylvania ave.

POSTMASTER GENERAL WANAMAKER left today for Cape May Point, where he will spend his birthday, which is tomorrow, with his family. He will be fifty-four years of age. He also intends to go to Ocean City, where he will attend the opening exercises of the Seaside Home, which was recently erected there by the members of the Bethany Sunday School in Philadelphia, of which Mr. Wanamaker is superintendent.

MILITARY CADETS APPOINTED .- The followingnamed cadets have been appointed to the United States Military Academy at West Point: Wm. P. Pearce, ninth district Indiana; Isaac W. Boulware, eleventh district Missouri; O. P. Townshend, nineteenth Illinois district; Harry D. Lillibridge, sixteenth linnois district; Harry D. Lillibridge, sixteenth district Ohio; Paul Kelso, second district Arkansas; Abram S. Fleming, Afth Kentucky district; Milton L. McGrew, fifth New Jersey, with Thomas J. Hillery, fifth New Jersey, as alternate.

THE PRESIDENT'S CALLERS today included Secretary Proctor and Quartermaster General Batchelder, Senators Frye, Quay. Allen, Spooner Batchelder, Senators Frye, Quay. Allen, Spooner and Platt, Representatives Cannon, Adams, Taylor, Dunnell. McClellan, Morrow, Atkinson, Goodnight, Grosvenor and McKenna, Prof. W. A. Obenchain, president Ogden College, Bowling Green, Ky., Maj. Augustus Neston of Ohio and ex-Representative Buck of Connecticut.

PERSONAL -- Mrs. W. Pelzer and family of Montgomery, Ala., Mr. and Mrs. Jas. L. Lockwood of Stamford, Conn., and Miss Hamlin of Franklin, Mass., are at the Hamilton House .---Wm. J. Connors, Chas. M. Fortescue and Mau-rice Harrold of New York are at the Arno.— Wm. J. Jacobs, Mrs. S. R. Jacobs and Miss J. Jacobs, F. G. Prescott and D. J. Tompkins of New York are at the Arlington.—Walter H. Sanborn of St. Paul, F. E. Wright of Philadel-Sanborn of St. Paul, F. E. Wright of Philadelphia, Geo. D. Jeremiah and Miss A. B. Jeremiah of New York and Wm. L. Abbott of Pittsburg are at the Normandie.—Frank H. Smith and Edward Stevens of Philadelphia and H. C. Wallace of Tacoma are at Chamberlin's.—

Jas. F. Williamson of Minneapolis and Edward . Gandee of New York are at the Shoreham -J. L. Cunningham of Patterson, N. J., E. H. Kaintz of Peoria, Ill., and Dr. Leonard Paget of New York are at Welcker's.—R. H. Silverman, D. D. Earle of New York. Mr. and Mrs. J. S. Muller of Cola, S. C., and Quartermaster General R. N. Batchelder, U. S. A., are at the Riggs House.—B. Sawyer of St. Louis, Frank L. Wood, J. W. Duryee of New York and Rufus Cope of Flora, Ill., are at the Hotel Randall.—R. D. Barclay and T. C. McLaughlin of Philadelphia, H. D. Holbrook of Utica, Frank Gaiennie of St. Louis and C. L. Magee of Pittsburg are at Willard's.—Admiral A. Kimberly, U. S. N., Gen. Wm. H. Osborn, Charles Daly of New York, John M. Doane of Columbus, Ohio. New York, John M. Doane of Columbus, Onio, J. Read of Boston, Wm. Hudson Harper of Chicago, C. H. Andrews and Thos. W. Sanderson of Youngstown, Ohio, and Sam S. Guckenheimer of Savannah, Ga., are at the Ebbitt House.—M. A. Lesser and Fred Krosberg of New York are at the Langham.—J. M. Bailey of New York, J. Wilder of Bristol, Tenn., J. M. Rogers claimed the floor for the purof New York, J. Wilder of Bristol, Tenn., J. M. Rogers claimed the floor for the purof New York, J. Wilder of Bristol, Tenn., J. M. Rogers claimed the floor for the purof New York, J. Wilder of Eufala, Ala., Henry Kern of Columbus, Ga., Geo. W. Green of Rochester and Mr. and Mrs. N. E. Legan of Chicago are at the St. James.—F. L. Warne of Fairfield, N.Y., Mr. and Mrs. W. C. Calkins and Miss Nellie Calkins of Illinois and Mrs. C. E. Lounsbury of New York are at the Fredonia.

## THE DADDY DOLLARS.

Silver Still the Leading Topic in the Senate.

KILLING TIME IN THE HOUSE.

A Motion to Amend the Journal Finally Carried.

MR. ROCERS CRITICIZES MR. REED.

SENATE.

Mr. Dawes presented a memorial from Lynn, Mass., protesting against appropriations for

sectarian Indian schools. Referred. Mr. Stewart offered a resolution (which was agreed to) calling on the Secretary of the In-

logical survey. MR. MORGAN OPPOSES THE SILVER BILL. The Senate resumed consideration of the report. He expected that the day was to be a crisis in the question of currency of the people of the United States, as much so in regard to the demonetization of silver and the confining of com to the single gold standard as was the act of 1873. He did not know but that the effect of the vote to be taken today (if it should result in the adoption of the conference bill) would not be really more fatal to the prospect of silver coinage in the future than the act of 1873. The legislation of 1873 had been (he said) an act of cold-blooded assassination of the silver dollar. It had been presided over by the same Senator whose "fine Italian hand" was to be seen in the conference bill, a bill which was a total departure from the action of both the House and the Senate, and was as essentially new as if it had been a novel written by the Senator from Ohio within the

last five days. LEGISLATION CONTROLLED BY CONFERENCE COM-MITTEES.

Mr. Morgan went on to speak of legislation on all important matters being now entirely controlled by conference committees-committees of arbitration, whose proceedings were secret; so that if such a committee were bribed to the extent of a hundred million dollars no Senator would be permitted to find it out.

Mr. Allison remarked that there was no necessary secrecy about conference committees.

They were public committees.

Mr. Morgan replied to that remark by saying that in this very discussion Mr. Sherman had declined to answer a question as to proceedings in the conference committee on the ground that such proceedings were secret.

MB. SHERMAN SAID as follows: Registered 4s-\$16,300, \$23,000 at he had never denied to the Senate any info mation as to what took place in conference. He had been asked what particular conference had offered a particular proposition and he had felt that he was not at liberty to answer such a question. If he had been asked who voted for it he should have stated the exact fact; but as to disclosing conversation in committee, that would be a departure not only from parliamentary propriety

but from gentlemanly propriety.

Mr. Morgan resumed his argument against
the conference bill, and called the attenact providing for the increase of cost of the tion of the friends of free coinage - particularly of the Senator from Colorado (Mr. Teller)-to the fact that 'he same "fine Italian hand" which had framed the act of 1873 had operated in the conference bill to destroy utterly any hope of the remonetization of silver, so long as it remained unrepealed. He predicted that when others of the conferees came to realize what they had done they would

FEEL LIKE KICKING THEMSELVES over a ten-acre field. The bill would mono metalize the country; would make gold the only thing with which to pay debts or to buy property. The craft of the Senator from Ohio could not (after a twelve-months' consideration) have fixed up a bill that would more thoroughly destroy silver forever as money than the conference bill would.

THE LEGAL EFFECT OF THE BILL was plain. It was that the moment the price of silver was forced up to 3711/4 grains for a dollar the coinage of silver ceased. The people of the United States would hold to a strict accountability for that the men who, in the last moment, had "given away" the whole question to the opponents of silver money. MESSRS, FARWELL AND JONES JOIN IN A DISCUS-

SION OF THE CUERENCY. The position taken by Mr. Morgan was controverted by Mr. Farweil and Mr. Jones (Nev.) and a discussion was carried on between them as to the effect of the bill upon the currency of the country. In the course of the discussion Mr. Jones asked what would a gold dollar perform for a farmer which a paper dollar would not perform as well, and Mr. Morgan said that the question showed that he had "struck a flat money man." That Sen-ator (Mr. Morgan said) had been

years and years advocating with marked ability the making of gold and silver the basis of all coin and currency of the country; and now he kicked it all away and dismissed it with a sneer and said that AS GOOD A DOLLAR

could be turned out of the printing press as out of the gold or silver mine. Mr. Jones-I did not enter on that discussion

Mr. Morgan-No; but you interpolated it into my speech. I know that the free-coinage Senaors who support the conference bill are in a tight place. They are in a bad box, but not in half as bad a box as they will be in when the people "get a lick at them" for striking their colors and providing for selling silver to the government, but not for its coinage.

HOUSE.

Prayer having been delivered the democratic program was carried out by Mr. Outhwaite Ohio) raising the point of order that there was no quorum present.

The Speaker glanced over the array of empty seats, and, without troubling himself to make a count of the members present, responded drily, "The point is well taken." For a moment nothing was done, none of

the republican leaders being in their seats; and then Mr. McCreary (Ky.) took the initiative and moved a call of the House. He was not sustained by his party colleagues, however, and on a viva voce vote the motion appeared to be

Then Mr. Allen (Mich.) threw himself into the breach and demanded the yeas and nays. The vote resulted-yeas, 115; nays, 70. One hundred members were announced

paired on this vote. A quorum having appeared, Mr. McCreary moved to dispense with further proceedings under the call, but he was antagonized on his own side of the House, and on demand of Mr. Bynum (Ind.) the yeas and nays were ordered Further proceedings under the call were dispensed with—yeas, 129; nays, 59—and the journal of yesterday's proceedings was read.

Mr. Enloe (Tenn.) asked to have the journal corrected, in that it recorded that on a certain vote he was present and not voting. He was not present at any time during that vote, and though he appreciated the tribute to his fidel-ity in attending the sessions of the House it

Henry Kern of Columbus, Ga., Geo. W. Green of Rochester and Mr. and Mrs. N. E. Legan of Chicago are at the St. James.—F. L. Warne of Fairfield, N.Y., Mr. and Mrs. W. C. Calkins and Miss Neilie Calkins of Illinois and Mrs. C. E. Lounsbury of New York are at the Fredonia.

—Prof. James M. Gregory has gone to Cambridge, Md., to deliver an address to the State of rules. So far as his discernment went the rules did not seem to bind arybody much. It was not surprising to the colored people of Somerset county, Md., have the idea that taking the county, Md., have the opportunity to call the attention of the country to the fact that the House was opting them to Liberia and are consequently much alarmed.

The government of the state of Chiapas is suppressing bands of marauders, which are discernment went the rules did not seem to bind arybody much. It was not surprising to bind arybody much. It was not surprising to bring the county, Md., have the idea that taking th

that the rules had resulted in a false count. Had not the House reached a curious climax in American history when gentlemen of the

House, presumed to represent their respective districts, had to have their actions questioned by another Representative of another district of another state, who had been honored by the highest place in the gift of the House, or the subordinates under him? If that was not A HUMILIATION AND A DISGRACE

to the House he failed to apprehend the relations which ought to bind gentlemen on this floor. A few days ago the House had listened to homilies on a free ballot and a fair count. Why, a fair count could not be obtained even in the House. He then proceeded to quote from and comment upon Speaker Reed's article in the North American Review on the subject of contested elections. He regarded the article as an apology for the elections committee. Comments are the feet elections committee. Commenting on the fact that the recently seased members had voted for the federal election bill he said he was re minded of the scriptural quotation: "Well done thou good and faithful servant, enter thou into the service of the Lord," (pointing to the Speaker.)

CRITICIZING THE RULES. He then made a general criticism of the code of rules and quoted from a speech made by Mr. McKinley at the time of its adoption, to the agreed to) calling on the Secretary of the Interior for information as to the selection of in what the House did than under the sites for reservoirs by the director of the georetics and the sites for reservoirs by the director of the georetics. Rogers, was the old maxim that "the end justifies the means." It was this principle that led to the stealing of the presidency in 1876 and to the "blocks of five" letter. It was that princonference report on the silver bill, and was addressed by Mr. Morgan in opposition to the seas to scuttle and rob ships. It was this principle which inspired the Federal election bill. He commended to the other side of the House the article in the North American Review signed X.M.C. He was told that it was a lady wbo-to use an Irish bull-fathered it. It was said that the real, author was a distinguished gentleman from Maine who held a high and honorable position under the present adminis-

MR. ENLOE'S REMARKS. Mr. Enloe said that in making the motion to correct the journal he had and no idea that it would lead to debate. He was glad to have been intrumental in bringing the gentleman from Arkansas within the pale of the Speaker's recognition; but he disclaimed any sort of understanding with the gentlemen, for he would not like to disturb the harmonious relations which had existed between the Speaker and

He then stated that he had not been present yesterday when the journal showed that he was present and not voting. The journal was then amended as suggested

GOOD FOR STAY-AT-HOMES. But the Nice, Cool, Breezy Weather Will Not Last Till Sunday.

Oh, isn't this just lovely, was what all the young women of this city were saying this morning, while the stronger fraction of the population ceased wiping moist brows and told each other all around that the relief was large and elegant. And it was, too, Capt. Allen, Hagerstown. the prediction officer at the Signal Office, dehis noble efforts in behalf of the public comfort. He said he would do it if he could and he has done it. The cool weather came last evening according to promise, kept up all night, to the great satisfaction of sleepers, and is still with us. This morning thermometers around town registered from 10 to 15 degrees lower than they did yesterday, and for a while people found something else to talk about than the heat. There were a few people who complained because the change came so suddenly that they might catch cold, but such growlers were generally looked down upon and referred back to their thoughts and remarks of yesterday and the day before.

WILL STAY FOR A DAY OR TWO. The best of it all is that the relenting and now kind-hearted gentlemen of the weather bureau promise us a continuation of this pleasant weather. In their report this morning they confidently announced cooler weather, with northeast winds, and it is a good deal cooler up to the northeast of us than it is here. The temperature has fallen from 15 to 20 degrees in New England and the middle Atlantic states and from 12 to 18 degrees in the Ohio valley and Tennessee, Continued cool weather is promised for Friday, but for Saturday-they should blush to tell the tale-rising temperature, followed by warmer on Sunday. The cause of all this future rising temperature

A WARM WAVE that has started out in Dakota, where the mercury has risen from 14 to 18 degrees. This warm wave will extend over the upper lake region today and the lower lake region and Ohio valley, reaching here Saturday and Sunday. It is hoped, however, that the weather will not be a repetition of the kind we had yesterday and Tuesday. It is evidently unsafe to prophesy continued cool weather this July.

A GOOD COTTON CROP. Promising Conditions Reported by the Department of Agriculture.

The statistical report for June of the Department of Agriculture shows improvement in the status of cotton, the average of condition having advanced from 88.8 to 91.4 since the previous returns. There was generally an excess of moisture until about the 10th of June, with fine weather since, giv-ing opportunity for destruction of grass and for thorough cultivation. On the Atlantic coast the crop is generally well advanced, while it is late in the southwest, where planting was delayed by overflows and by heavy rains. That which was planted early began to bloom from the 15th to the 25th, and in the southwest some bolls are reported as early as the 20th. While the plant is in various stages of advancement, from the wide range of seeding, it is now almost invariably in full vigor of growth, of good color and high promise, very free from rust and free from worms except the weak invasions of first broods in the more southern

The present average of July condition has been exceeded only once in the last five years. It is stated as follows by states: Virginia, 92; North Carolina, 95; South Carolina, 95; Georgia, 95; Florida, 91; Alabama, 95; Mississippi, 89; Louisiana, 86; Texas, 89; Arkansas, 89; Tennes-

Nearly throughout the cotton area two or three weeks of dry weather is reported, but scarcely any injury from drought. Since the first of July heavy rains have been reported on

Interior Department Changes. The following official changes have been made in the Department of the Interior: Pension Office-Promotions: Mrs. Mary L. Wiltherger of Pennsylvania, \$1,200 to \$1,400; Ernest B. Osborne of New York, \$1,000 to \$1,200; Charles McGilley of Illinois, \$900 to \$1,000. Resignation: Fred. Jones of Indiana, special examiner.
Patent Office—Transfer: Miss Angie Sinks of Indiana, skilled laborer, \$720, to Pension

Office as copyist, \$900.

Geological Survey — Promotion: Gilbert Thompson of Massachusetts, geographer, \$2,500, to chief geographer, \$2,700. Appointments as topographic aids at \$720: Ernest H. Brownell of Rhode Island, Elton D. Walker of

TWO CENTS.

The Legislature Says the Governor Has Nothing to Do With It.

RECHABITES AT HAGERSTOWN.

Chinamen Refused the Privilege of the Habeas Corpus Act.

RELIGION AND THE PUBLIC SCHOOLS.

THE RECHABITES' RULERS. The High Tent at Hagerstown-The "Regulars" Get Ahead.

Special Dispatch to THE EVENING STAR. HAGERSTOWN, MD., July 10 .- The High Tent journed at daylight this morning to meet in in this manner suffices for the ulterior duties annual session at Atlantic City on the second of the child toward himself and society. Computer advention implies attendance in Tuesday in July, 1891. Before adjournment schools maintained and controlled by the the board of trustees were empowered to es-tablish an official journal at Washington, D. C. in other schools known to be competent to im-Officers for the ensuing year were elected as part instruction in the required degree. The follows: W. E. Kitzmiller of Hagerstown, passed high chief ruler; A. M. Dewey of Washington, able in a few of their incidental clauses. These D. C., high chief ruler; F. T. Skipper of Wilmington, N. C., high deputy ruler; L. H. Patterson of Washington, high secretary and treasterson of Washington, high secretary and treas-direction of hastening among us universal inextension of the order. The filing of articles of incorporation by the regulars of the High Tent paralyzed the seceders and put a stop to any other legal proceedings. THE OTHER BODY.

The seceders, however, under the leadership of Mahoney of Washington and Deyoe of Waterloo, N.Y., met and elected a full set of officers, giving Mahoney the position of high secretary. This body adjourned early yesterday afternoon after deciding to meet in annual session at Savannah, Ga., in August, 1891. At night the seceders "painted the town red" with a band of music and thirty-five men in line. They visited the newspaper offices, the residence of the mayor, the headquarters of the regulars, and with speeches, roman candles, red lights, &c., made Rome howl.

THE INCORPORATORS IN SESSION. homes, while the regulars will this afternoon which Protestantism occupies exposed to the visit Penmar in a body. Last evening a reception was tendered the regulars by the ladies of the beginning and devastating blast of unbelief. Let me be your ally in stemming the swelling Hagerstown in Rechabite Hall. A feature of the occasion was the presentation of an emblem- life and Christian civilization, the fatal foe of atic badge of the order by J. J. Murray of Washington, on behalf of the women Recha-

THE LOTTERY AMENDMENT. Louisiana Legislators Say the Governor's Signature is Unnecessary.

BATON ROUGE, LA., July 10 .- At a late hour thereon, in accordance with the report of the senate judiciary committee, which was like-

wise transmitted. Mr. Shields of Orleans offered the following: The senate having refused to consider the veto message of the governor on house bill No. 214, which bill is an amendment to the constitution passed by the requisite two-thirds majority of all the members elected to both houses, and, as the action of the senate denying the right or authority of the governor to veto a constitu-tional amendment is in entire accordance with the views of this house, that we heartily agree and concur in the action of the senate, adopt their reasons as ours, and that the clerk of the house be instructed to deliver to the secretary of state for promulgation enrolled house bill No. 214, with a certified copy of the proceedings of the house on the said bill, and to take the receipt of the secretary of state for

After filibustering by the antis until 12:30 m. the above was finally adopted by a vote of

This disposes of the lottery question as far as the legislature is concerned.

The New Orleans Presyme this morning editorially says:

The right of the governor to veto a proposed amendment to the constitution has been form-ally denied by the general assembly of Louisiana. We believe that this decision is solidily based upon the constitution.

NO CHINESE NEED APPLY. Judge Kibbey Says They Cannot Have the Benefit of Habeas Corpus.

Tucson, Aniz., July 10 .- The Nar special from Phoenix says: Application was made yes- in charge of the city school board. terday before Judge Kibbey for a writ of habeas corpus in the case of twenty-four Chinese who recently attempted to enter the United States from Mexico. The United States attorney raised the point that the Chinese in ques-tion cannot claim the privilege of habeas corpus, they being aliens and being in the United States illegally and in direct violation of the congressional enactment. Judge Kibbey sustained the point and denied the writ. The counsel for the Chinese then made application for a writ of certiorari, which the court also denied on the same grounds. The Chinese will be taken to San Francisco today and by the collector of the port sent back to China, in conformity with the order of the U.S. commissioner at Tucson.

A WILD MAN LOOSE. A Strange Being Who is Frightening Women in Missouri.

CHICAGO, July 10 .- A dispatch from Alexandris. Mo., says: People living north of this place have been badly frightened recently by the appearance of a wild man. A report comes from Keokuk to the effect that the man has also been seen on several occasions on the out-skirts of that city, on which occasions he badly frightened women and children. He is described as being old in appearance with a shaggy head and a ferocious cast of countenance. His long, matted white hair streams from the palsied head, while his eyes roll wildly either with fever or delirinm. The creating the stream of the creating the stream of the creating the condition of the creating the ture appears in almost a naked condition, carrying only a small red blanket, which he uses as a couch. His chief delight is to lie down near a couch. His chief delight is to lie down near the railroad track, remain there a short time and then jump up wildly and soon repeat the operation. He has occasionally begged for food at farm houses, but his condition has alarmed women and he has been driven away. It is believed that this man is no other than Wm. Mars, a prominent old resident of Palmyra, Mo., who disappeared from that place some weeks ago. All efforts to capture the strange man have proven unavailing.

She Will Go Home Tuesday. BERLIN, July 10 .- Empress Frederick of Germany, who, with her daughters, is visiting her mother, Queen Victoria, in England, will return to Germany on Tuesday.

And the state of the colored people of Somerset

the Some of the colored people of Somerset

Some of the colored people of Somerset

The colored people of Somerset

Some of the colored people of Somerset

The colored people of Somerset

Some of the city has been consummated, and now for the first time made public. Protor & Gambie, who with two of the largest New Min the colored for \$6,500,000. The deal was effected by Morehead. Irwin & Co., brokers, who, with two of the largest New Min the colored people of Somerset who will be retained by Procolored Gambie, who will also have control of the works for \$v y years.

PARISH AND PUBLIC SCHOOLS. Archbishop Ireland Thinks There Should be No Schools Without Religion.

Sr. Paul, July 10 .- Following is an abstract of Archbishop Ireland's address delivered this morning at the educational convention:

Archbishop Ireland said in substance-"I

will be permitted," he began, "to make at once my profession of faith. I declare most untounded loyalty to the Constitution of my country. I desire no favors. I claim no rights that are not in consonance with its letter and its spirit. The rights which the Constitution allow I do claim, and in doing so I am but the truer and more loyal American." He says he upholds the parish school, but would have all schools state schools. To the child must be imparted instruction in no mean degree, that the man may earn for himself an houest competence and acquit himself of the duties which petence and acquit himself of the duties which society exacts from him for its own prosperity and life. The imparting of this instruc-tion is primarily the function of the child's parent. The state intervenes whenever the family cannot or will not do the work that is needed. As things are tens of thousands of children might go uninstructed if parents re-mained solely in charge of the duty. The state must come forward as an agent of instruction, else ignorance will prevail. Indeed in the absence of state action there never was that universal instruction which we have so nearly attained and which we deem necessary. In the absence of state action he believed universal instruction would never in any country be pos-sible. No tax is more legitimate than that for schools, and it should be disbursed by state

officers for this specific purpose. IN FAVOR OF COMPULSORY EDUCATION. "I unreservedly," he said, "favor state laws making instruction compulsory. Instruction is so much needed by each citizen for his own sake and for that of society that the father who neglects to provide for his child's instruction sins against the child and against society, and it behooves the state to punish him, Of course first principles must not be forgotten, and since instruction is primarily the function of the parent, the parent enjoys the right to educate his child in the manner suitable to himof Rechabites, after an all-night session, ad- self, provided always that the education given compulsory laws recently enacted in certain states of the Union are, to my judging, objection-

struction I am in most hearty accord. The secular instruction in state schools is our pride and our glory and I regret that there is the necessity for the existence of the parish school. The spirit of the parish school, if not the school itself, is widespread among American Protestants and is made manifest by their determined opposition to the exclusion of Scripture reading and other devotional exercises from the school room."

STATE SCHOOLS AND IRRELIGION. There is dissatisfaction with the state school

the minds and the hearts of the youth of the country. This is my grievance against the state schools of today. Believe me, my Protest-ant fellow citizens, that I am absolutely sincere when I now declare that I am speaking At the hour of closing this dispatch the board well as for that of Catholicism. I of incorporators of the regular High Tent are am a Catholic, of course, unfinching and unin session. The seceders have all left for their compromising in my faith. But God forbid that I desire to see in America the ground tide of irreligion, the death knell of Christian

soul and of country.

The state school is non-religious. Ignores bites in that city, to Mrs. Mary E. McCarter of religion. There is and there can be no positive religious teaching where the principle of nonsectarianism rules. It follows then that the child will grow up in the belief that religion is of minor importance and religious indifference will be his creed. The great mass of children receive no first lessons and attend no Sunday school, and the great mass of the chil-Baton Bouge, La., July 10.—At a late hour last night the house received a message from the senate returning the lottery bill and veto but for the sake of its people and for its own sake it should permit and facilitate the action of the church; but it hinders this action. Let the state look to itself. The mind which it polishes is a two-edged sword-an instrument for good or an instrument for evil. It were fatal to polish it without the assurance that in all

likelihood it shall be an instrument for good. NO MORALS WITHOUT RELIGIOUS PRINCIPLES. You say this state school teaches morals, but morals without religious principles do not exist. There are differences among Christians, and Catholics would not inflict their belief upon non-Catholics, nor should Protestantism be in flicted upon Catholic children. Some compromise becomes necessary. Taxation without represcutation is wrong, and while the minority pay school taxes their beliefs should be respected. America is trying to divorce religion and the school, although religion pervades our system

and the school was originally religious through and through. As a solution of the difficulty I would permeate the regular state school with the religion of the majority of the children of the land, be it as Protestant as Protestantism can be, and I would do as they do in England, pay for the secular instruction given in denominational schools according to results. Another plan: I would do as Protestants and Catho-

lics in Poughkeepsie and other places in our own country have agreed to do, to the great satisfaction of their citizens and the great advancement of educational interests. In Poughkeepsie the city school board rents the building formerly used as schools, and from the hour of 9 a,m. to that of 3 p.m. the school is in every particular a state school, no religious instruction coming between the hours named and the school being In conclusion, I protest against the charge that the schools of the nation have their ene-

mies among the Catholics. The Catholics are loyal to the country and demand the Christian state school. A Famine in Tokio. San Francisco, July 10 .- Advices by steamer

say that in Tokio there is great suffering from lack of food. Thousands are living on bran mash and food of oxen and hogs; others live on garbage. In the interior the situation is worse,

will perish unless aid is furnished. Suffocated in a Mine. WHAT CHEER, Iowa, July 10 .- Fred Armstrong, aged twenty-two, and Frank Hawk. aged eight, were killed by black damp in the air shaft of an abandoned mine near here. The child attempted to climb down the ladder and was overcome by the gas. Mr. Armstrong attempted to save him, but was overcome. Both bodies were recovered.

and European missionaries declare that many

He Wasn't Killed by Indians. CHAMBERLAIN, S.D., July 10. -A settler from the reservation, arrived in the city yesterday, reports that Spalding, who was reported to have been killed by Indians, was seen in Jack-son county Sunday all right.

A Conflagration in Kirin. SAN FRANCISCO, July 10. - Advices from China say that a great fire at Kirin destroyed one-fifth of the city and caused a loss of be-tween \$2,000,000 and \$3,000,000. It spread along the river, burning large timber rafts, on which were hundreds of people. Ten liver

He Grew Up With the State. OTTAWA, ILL., July 10 .- One of the oldest settiers of La Salle county, John G. Nottinger, died at his home in this city Tuesday night of old age. He was eighty-two years old and settled in this county in the 40's. He was one of the first men to develop the rich coal fields of Streator. Long before any railroad ran into that town he hauled the coal in wagons to this city and then via the Illinois and Michigan canal shipped it to Chicago and other markets. He was one of the heavy stockholders in the Vermillion Coal Company for many years and

Vermillion Coal Company for many years, and in 1859 was one of the directors of the Fos River Valley railroad. A Kansas Railway Decision.

Topeka, Kan., July 10 .- The state board of railway commissioners yesterday denied the application of the Farmers' Alliance for a reapplication of the Farmers' Alliance for a reduction of the local grain rate in Kansas to Missouri river points. At the close of their decision the board say: "We shall embrace the opportunity which this petition presents to give effect to a purpose which we have for some time been contemplating, viz., to bring about a revision and reduction of the rates upon the local distance tariff. There is a large amount of freight carried upon this tariff that affects the people of Kansas directly and a liberal reduction of it will confer a very substantial benefit upon all the people of the state."

For Other Telegraph News See Pages S and 6